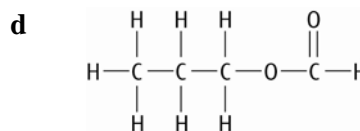
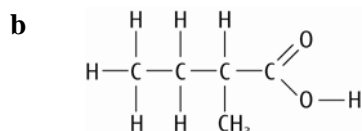
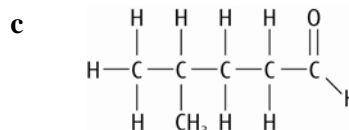
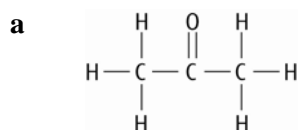


Core Worksheet – Chapter 10

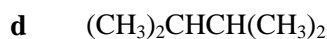
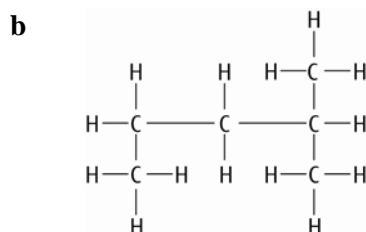
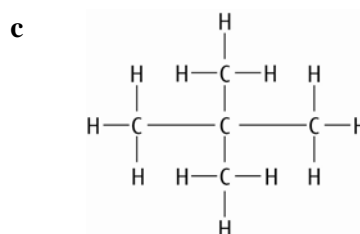
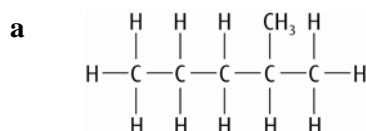
1 Identify the functional groups present in the following molecules: [4]



2 Give the structural formula of an isomer of each of the compounds in question 1 with a **different** functional group. [4]

3 State and explain which of the compounds in question 1 has the highest boiling point. [3]

4 Name the following molecules: [4]



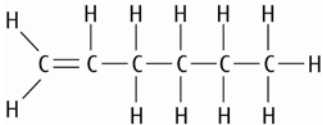
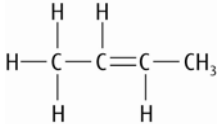
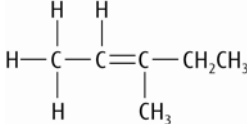
5 Write equations for the following reactions: [2]

- a** the complete combustion of pentane
b the incomplete combustion of butane producing carbon monoxide

6 **a** Under what conditions do alkanes react with bromine or chlorine? [1]

b In the reaction between an alkane and a halogen write equations for the following reactions: [4]

- i** a propagation step that produces bromoethane
ii a propagation step that produces dichloromethane
iii a termination step that produces butane
iv a termination step that produces 1,2-dibromoethane

- 7 a Name the following molecules: [4]
- i 
- ii 
- iii $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CCHCH}_3$
- iv 
- b Write equations, using structural formulas, for the following reactions of the molecules in question 7a under suitable conditions: [4]
- i $7a \text{ i} + \text{H}_2$
- ii $7a \text{ ii} + \text{HBr}$
- iii $7a \text{ iii} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- iv $7a \text{ iv} + \text{Br}_2$
- c Describe a chemical test that could be used to distinguish between the molecule in question 4a and molecule 7a i. [2]
- 8 a Name and give the formula of a suitable oxidising agent to oxidise propan-1-ol. [2]
- b Write balanced chemical equations for the partial and complete oxidation of propan-1-ol. Use [O] to represent oxygen from the oxidising agent. [2]
- c Name the organic compound obtained when each of the following undergoes complete oxidation: [3]
- i ethanol
- ii propan-2-ol
- iii 2-methylpropan-1-ol
- 9 a Draw the full structural formulas of the following and classify each as primary, secondary or tertiary: [6]
- i 2-chlorobutane
- ii 2-bromo-3-methylpentane
- iii 2-bromo-2-methylpentane
- b Draw a reaction mechanism using curly arrows to show the reaction between 1-chloropropane and aqueous sodium hydroxide. [4]
- c Explain what is meant by an **S_N1 mechanism**. [3]
- 10 Draw out reaction sequences showing structural formulas and all reagents and conditions for the following conversions: [9]
- a ethene to ethanoic acid
- b butane to butan-1-ol
- c but-2-ene to butanone